



2021 Regional Report / Recommendations / For stakeholder groups / Drivers of stakeholder recommendations

# **Drivers of stakeholder recommendations**

From the PILNA 2021 results, SPC-EQAP has identified key findings that may justify immediate action and attention. These findings underpin the more specific recommendations at the stakeholder level.

# 1. Learners and their performance

- 1. Student performance decreased in many areas from 2018 to 2021.
- 2. Numeracy performance decreases were larger than reading and writing performance decreases.
- 3. Reading performance is struggling to increase substantially over time.
- 4. Year four writing performance increased substantially from 2018 to 2021.
- 5. Girls scored higher than boys in numeracy, reading and writing, as they did in past PILNA cycles.
- 6. Early childhood education attendance, parental education, household wealth, language of assessment, caregiver support, student attitudes to subjects/school, and well-being are associated with student performance in literacy and numeracy.

#### 2. Student experiences

- 1. Student behavioural and cognitive challenges affect a substantial number of students.
- 2. Many students are experiencing challenges to their well-being.

### 3. Pacific learning environments

- 1. Some schools have inadequate or insufficient infrastructure.
- 2. Some schools have inadequate or insufficient amounts of instruction materials.
- 3. Some schools have too few teachers, particularly qualified teachers, and experience challenges with teacher absenteeism.
- 4. School closures affected the instruction of many students in the region and different countries may have been disproportionately affected by these closures.
- 5. Physical continuity of learning measures was more common than non-physical measures, including digital measures.

## 4. Experiences of the education workforce

- 1. Many teachers do not have enough time to spend with slow learners.
- 2. More teachers appear to be confident in teaching numeracy than literacy.
- 3. Fewer teachers are confident teaching unstructured literacy areas (such as quality of ideas in writing) compared with structured literacy areas (such as spelling and vocabulary).





- 4. Many teachers are experiencing well-being challenges because of their job.
- 5. Many school leaders are experiencing well-being challenges because of their job.
- 6. Many teachers and school leaders may not be satisfied with their salaries.